

INSTITUTE FOR DEFENSE ANALYSES

Discussion: Do Joint Fighters Save Money? (Presentation)

Stanley A. Horowitz

July 2016
Approved for public release;
distribution is unlimited.
IDA Document NS D-8043
H 16-000745



The Institute for Defense Analyses is a non-profit corporation that operates three federally funded research and development centers to provide objective analyses of national security issues, particularly those requiring scientific and technical expertise, and conduct related research on other national challenges.

About This Publication

The views, opinions, and findings should not be construed as representing the official position of either the Department of Defense or the sponsoring organization.

Copyright Notice

© 2016 Institute for Defense Analyses, 4850 Mark Center Drive, Alexandria, Virginia 22311-1882 • (703) 845-2000.

This material may be reproduced by or for the U.S. Government pursuant to the copyright license under the clause at DFARS 252.227-7013 (a)(16) [Jun 2013].



Discussion: Do Joint Fighters Save Money?

Stanley A. Horowitz

WEAI 91st Annual Conference
June 2016



- Additional literature
- An alternative methodology
- Was F-35 cost growth driven by being a joint program?



2013 IDA Paper: Joint Programs Have More Problems

- Covered 214 new starts, 44 joint (1970–2012)
- Most metrics not available for entire dataset

	Metric	Single- Service New Starts	Joint New Starts
1	Estimated growth in Quantity Normalized Program Acquisition Unit Cost (PAUC) ^a	35% (80)	42% (19)
2	Percentage of programs with at least one Nunn- McCurdy breach (Dec. 1997–Sept. 2012)	20% (12 of 60)	32% (9 of 28)
3	Percentage of programs with an estimated Quantity Normalized PAUC growth of ≥ 30% ^a	40% (32 of 80)	63% (12 of 19)
4	Program Cancellation Rate	19% (33 of 170)	34% (15 of 44)
5	Percentage of programs cancelled, truncated, or reorganized	28% (47 of 170)	57% (25 of 44)
6	Percent of programs that eventually procure less than the Milestone B total quantity ^b	37% (19 of 52)	48% (11 of 23)
7	Estimated slip in Engineering and Manufacturing Development (EMD)	17% (20)	36% (7)
8	Percentage of programs with at least one Operational Test failure	47% (23 of 49)	77% (10 of 13)

Computed for the total acquisition quantity approved at Milestone B.

Approximated by the ratio of the total procurement reported in the last SAR for the program divided by the total procurement reported in the first SAR.



2005 IDA Paper: Joint Acquisition – Implications from Experience with Fixed-Wing Tactical Aircraft

Based on F-111 experience:

A joint program to develop and procure a system to requirements significantly at odds with the doctrinal preconceptions of any of the participating Services will face severe problems due to detailed Service decisions taken during the course of the program and Service judgments on the results of operational testing.

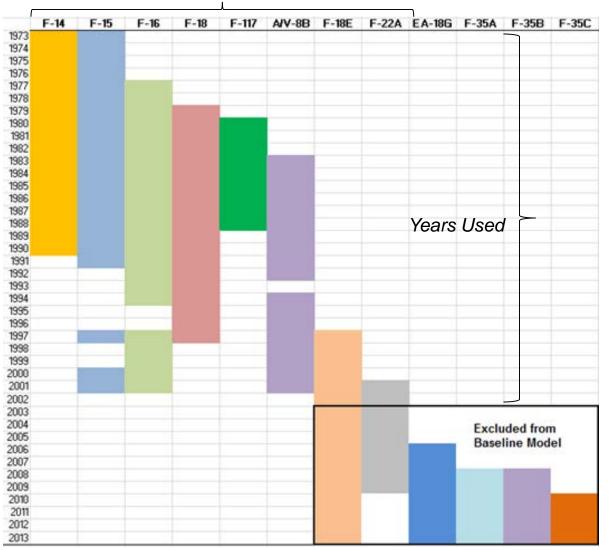
Held out hope for the F-35:

Program Characteristic	F-111	F-35
Lack of consensus on requirements	Yes	No
Reactive OSD oversight	Yes	Yes
Services not equally engaged in management and funding	Yes	No
Major flaws in acquisition strategy	Yes	No
Unrealistic cost and schedule estimates	Yes	TBD—less so
Technology does not permit achieving all requirements	Yes	TBD—less so



CER* Approach: Is F-35 Out of Line with Other Aircraft?

Programs Used in Model Estimation



- Acquisition cost as a function of aircraft characteristics
- Observations were annual buys by model
- Predicted 2013 F-35 SAR acquisition cost projections well

*CER - Cost Estimating Relationship



- Partly jointness-related causes
 - Redesign effort increased average unit cost 26%
 - Changes in buy profile increased cost 5%
- Errors in Milestone B cost estimate increased cost 23%
 - Incorrect labor rates
 - Low estimate of weight
 - Incorrect modeling of subcontractor costs
- Over 40% not due to jointness



- Re-baselining raised estimate of inflation (escalation) by 2% per year
- Provided substantial cost growth relative to the original baseline
- Not related to program jointness



- The Lorell et al. paper is very creative in building a credible estimate of cost growth and relative cost for joint programs and the F-35
- It is consistent with work IDA has done on joint programs, including fighters

However...

- Our CER for fighters does not show the F-35 to be an outlier
- Most cost growth for the F-35 was not due to jointness
- Perhaps the story is less clear than it initially seems

REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE

Form Approved OMB No. 0704-0188

The public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection information, including suggestions for reducing the burden, to Department of Defense, Washington Headquarters Services, Directorate for Information Operations and Reports (0704-0188), 1215 Jefferson Davis Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington, VA 22202-4302. Respondents should be aware that notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person shall be subject to any penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information if it does not display a currently valid OMB control number.

penalty for failing to comply with a collection of in PLEASE DO NOT RETURN YOUR FO	RM TO THE A	BOVE ADDRESS.	lid OMB control nun	nber.			
1. REPORT DATE (DD-MM-YYYY)	2. REPORT 1	ГҮРЕ			3. DATES COVERED (From - To)		
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE	I			5a. CO	ITRACT NUMBER		
				5b. GRANT NUMBER			
				5c. PROGRAM ELEMENT NUMBER			
6. AUTHOR(S)				5d. PROJECT NUMBER			
				5e. TAS	SK NUMBER		
				5f. WORK UNIT NUMBER			
				SI. WO	AK ONIT NOMBER		
7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION N.	AME(S) AND A	DDRESS(ES)			8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER		
9. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGE	NCY NAME(S)	AND ADDRESS(ES)	<u> </u>		10. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S ACRONYM(S)		
					11. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S REPORT NUMBER(S)		
12. DISTRIBUTION/AVAILABILITY S	TATEMENT						
13. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES							
14. ABSTRACT							
15. SUBJECT TERMS							
16. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF		LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT	18. NUMBER OF	19a. NAI	ME OF RESPONSIBLE PERSON		
a. REPORT b. ABSTRACT c. Th	HIS PAGE	ADSTRACT	PAGES	19b. TEL	EPHONE NUMBER (Include area code)		